INTERNET UNIVERSALITY INDICATORS: GATEWAYS TO ACTION

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PROGRAM FLOW

Pre-meetings hosted by Digital Shelter, YONECO, namTshuwe, PROTEGE QV, CIPESA

Main Convening: 14h00 - 16h00 (East African Time)
Zoom link: https://us02web.zoom.us/webinar/register/WN_8KYXsEzwRUalKlvqVcC8lA

WELCOME Juliet Nanfuka | CIPESA

INTERNET
UNIVERSALITY
INDICATORS:
WHAT THEY ARE
AND WHY THESE
MATTER

Dorothy Gordon | Chair of the UNESCO Information For All Programme

THE UNESCO
PERSPECTIVE
AND
IMPLEMENTATION

Xianhong Hu | Programme Specialist at UNESCO and Global Focal Point of Internet Universality Project

TECHNICAL
ASPECTS AND
METHODOLOGY

Simon Ellis | International technical Advisor

LESSONS FROM KENYA

Grace Githaiga | Convenor of the Kenya ICT Action Network

LESSONS FROM GHANA

Dr. Simon-Peter Kafui Aheto | National IUI Assessment in Ghana

DISCUSSION Participants

WAY FORWARD UNESCO and CIPESA

FOR INQUIRIES

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Internet Universality Indicators: Gateways To Action Convening

Background

In 2015, the 38th General Conference of UNESCO endorsed a new definition on the universality of the internet. It was based upon four principles - Rights, Openness, Accessibility to all and Multi-stakeholder participation, the ROAM principles. UNESCO recognized that these Internet Universality Indicators (IUI) were central to the growth and evolution of the Internet, and the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals.

The addition of cross-cutting indicators in 2018 resulted in the ROAM-X Indicator framework comprising of 303 indicators that assess the extent to which national stakeholders, including governments, businesses and civil society, comply with the ROAM principles.

To date, UNESCO has worked with stakeholders in a range of countries with national assessments having progressed in various countries. As such, in March 2022, UNESCO, jointly with the Collaboration on International ICT Policy for East and Southern Africa (CIPESA) convened a regional dialogue which gathered a number of leading national actors and experts who shared best practice and lessons learned from implementing national assessments of ROAM-X indicators in Benin, Ethiopia, Chana, Kenya, Niger and Senegal.

Meanwhile, in 2008 the IPDC endorsed the Media Development Inidcators (MDI) which serve to assess the overall environment for media development in a country. Another important indicator is the Journalist Safety Indicator (JSI) which serve to identify the actions that are taken by the various relevant stakeholders in promoting journalists' safety and fighting impunity at national level.

Together, these media and internet assessment tools are serving to assess and improve Internet and media ecosystems, policies at the national level in addition to fostering digital and strategic collaborations at the international and regional levels for the countries especially in countries where these assements have been conducted.

Despite growing diversity in Africa's media and digital landscape, there remains various undercurrents detrimental to its growth. The plurality, neutrality, safety, and freedom of expression of the media face continued affronts while citizens face gaps in data privacy, internet access affordability, non-existent or weak digital rights framework through to fast changing shifts in content moderation, surveillance capitalism and even online content regulations.

These factors are causing the media in several countries to fall short of the MDIs and the JSIs, while increasing regressive shifts in internet access and use by citizens and the media alike is also affecting the performance of states on the IUIs. However, indepth, structured assessment can better reveal the extent to which states are actually performing and allow for achieve evidence-based policy reform and improvement.

On 16 March 2022, UNESCO, jointly with the Collaboration on International ICT Policy for East and Southern Africa (CIPESA) convened a regional dialogue on implementing Internet Universality ROAM-X Indicators (IUI) in Africa.

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The event, supported by the International Program for Development of Communication (IPDC) of UNESCO, gathered a number of leading national actors and experts who shared best practice and lessons learned from implementing national assessments of ROAM-X indicators in Benin, Ethiopia, Ghana, Kenya, Niger and Senegal.

Following on from this, we a hosting of an Africa regional event, in which we aim to advocate for media and Internet policy reforms which can enhance the awareness of these indicators as well as promote the utilisation of the three indicators – IUI, JSI, and MDIs for national assessments in more countries by more stakeholders including policy experts, government representatives, academia, digital rights activists and the media.

This "Internet Universality Indicators: Gateways To Action" hybrid convening will include participants in remote hubs in Cameroon, Malawi and Somalia which will sync with online participants from Namibia, Uganda and a range of other countries in a webinar for a shared discussion on the ROAM-X Indicator framework.

UNESCO'S Internet Universality Indicators: A Framework for Assessing Internet Development

	R	Openness	A Accessibility to All	Multistakeholder participation	X Cross-Cutting issues
THEME A	Policy, legal and regulatory framework	Policy, legal and regulatory framework	Policy, legal and regulatory framework	Policy, legal and regulatory framework	Gender
ТНЕМЕ В	Freedom of expression	Open standards	Connectivity and usage	National Internet governance	Children
THEME C	Right of access to information	Open markets	Affordability	International and regional Internet governance	Sustainable development
THEME D	Freedom of association and the right to take part in public affairs	Open content	Equitable access		Trust and security
THEME E	The right to privacy	Open data and open government	Local content and language		Legal and ethical aspects of the Internet
THEME F	Social, economic and cultural rights		Capacities/competencies		

USEFUL LINKS

SEE THESE COMPLETED INTERNET UNIVERSALITY INDICATOR ASSESMENTS FOR BENIN, KENYA, SENEGAL

VIDEO: REGIONAL DIALOGUE ON THE INTERNET UNIVERSALITY INDICATORS (IUI)

INTERNET UNIVERSALITY INDICATORS

AFRICAN COUNTRIES ENGAGE IN REGIONAL DIALOGUE OVER INTERNET UNIVERSALITY INDICATORS STUDY

STEERING AI AND ADVANCED ICTS FOR KNOWLEDGE SOCIETIES: A RIGHTS, OPENNESS, ACCESS, AND MULTI-STAKEHOLDER PERSPECTIVE

JOIN THE DYNAMIC COALITION ON IUI'S